POISON KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 520 g/L HALOXYFOP present as the haloxyfop-R methyl ester

GROUP 1 HERBICIDE

For the post-emergent control of a wide range of annual and perennial grass weeds in summer fallow, grain legume and oilseed crops, lucerne, medic and clover pasture and seed crops, forestry, bananas, citrus, grapes, pineapples, pome and stone fruit, pyrethrum, tropical fruit and nut crops as specified in the Directions For Use.

IMPORTANT: READ THE ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USE.

Pack Sizes: 250 mL - 20 L

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone: *Australia* 13 11 26.

If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

- Harmful if swallowed.
- Will irritate the eyes and skin.
- · Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- When preparing spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles.
- After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.
- Wash hands after use.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed on the Safety Data Sheet for **VERDICT[®] 520 HERBICIDE** which is available from Corteva Agriscience on request. Call Customer Service Toll Free on 1800 700 096 or visit <u>www.corteva.com.au</u>



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Visit us at Corteva.com.au

EMERGENCY RESPONSE (ALL HOURS) RING FROM ANYWHERE IN AUSTRALIA 1800 370 754 (LOCAL CALL FEE ONLY)

IN A TRANSPORT EMERGENCY ONLY **DIAL 000** FOR POLICE OR FIRE BRIGADE

RESTRAINTS

DO NOT apply to weeds which may be stressed (not actively growing) due to prolonged periods of extreme cold, moisture stress (waterlogged or drought affected), poor nutrition or previous herbicide treatment as reduced levels of control may result.

DO NOT spray if rain is likely to occur within one (1) hour.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS

Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift

DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.

DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.

DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE
Lucerne, Medic and Clover	Apply from 2 nd trifoliate leaf onwards. For <i>Erodium spp</i> . spraying,
pastures or seed crops	apply from cotyledon crop stage onwards.
Canola, Linola, Linseed	Apply from 2 nd leaf to 6 leaf stage of crop growth and before bud development. DO NOT apply after the commencement of stem elongation. This means that application must not occur after the 6-leaf stage, or if stem elongation commences before the 6-leaf stage, application must not occur after stem elongation has commenced.
Chickpeas, Faba beans, Field	Apply from 2 nd leaf, 2 nd node or 2 nd branch to prior to any flower bud
peas, Lentils, Lupins, Vetch	formation.

WINTER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS

Table 1a. Winter crops – Canola, Chickpeas, Faba beans, Field peas, Lentils, Linola, Linseed, Lupins, Lucerne, Vetch, Medic and Clover pastures or seed crops. Follow WINTER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS table above.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	(mL	\TE ./ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
		with Uptake [®] ① Spraying Oil	with a non- ionic wetter ②	
Annual ryegrass	2 to 4-leaf	75	100	CANOLA, LINOLA AND LINSEED DO NOT apply after the 6 th leaf stage of the crop. DO NOT apply after the commencement of stem elongation. This means that application must not occur after the 6 th stage, or if stem elongation
	Early tillering	100	100	commences before the 6 th leaf stage, application must not occur after stem elongation has commenced. DO NOT apply more than one application of herbicide containing haloxyfop per crop.
Barley grass Brome grass	2 to 4-leaf	50	75	DO NOT apply after grazing. ①② See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section.
Paradoxa grass Volunteer cereals	Early tillering	75	100	FIELD PEAS AND CANOLA: The only oil recommended for use with Verdict [®] 520 is Uptake [®] Spraying Oil. CANOLA: Verdict [®] 520 + Lontrel [®] 750 SG + Uptake Spraying Oil are compatible and selective to
Wild oats WA, SA, Vic, Tas, Southern and Central NSW	2 to 4-leaf	37.5	50	canola. This tank-mix is also compatible with atrazine and selective to triazine tolerant canola. <u>LUPINS AND FIELD PEAS:</u> Mixtures with Brodal [®] or simazine may cause crop yellowing and separate
	Early tillering	50	75	applications are recommended. CHICKPEAS, FABA BEANS, LENTILS AND VETCH, LINOLA, LINSEED: Broadleaf herbicides should not be added to Verdict [®] 520. Apply Verdict [®] 520 and broadleaf herbicides at least a week apart.
Wild oats Northern NSW & Qld	2 to 4-leaf	50	75	LUCERNE, CLOVER OR MEDIC PASTURES: If grazed or cut for hay immediately prior to treatment, delay application until all grasses have fully expanded leaves. Use 75 mL +
	Early tillering	75	100	spraying oil or 100 mL + wetter/ha. (See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying Oils/wetters section). If silver grass (<i>Vulpia</i> spp.) is present in pasture, simazine should be tank mixed with the higher rate of Verdict [®] 520 plus a non-ionic wetter.

Table 1b. Verdict[®] 520 and Status[®] Herbicide tank-mixes – Canola, Chickpeas, Faba beans, Field peas, Lupins, Lentils. Follow WINTER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS table above.

WEEDS	WEED	RATE (mL/ha)	CRITICAL COMMENTS
CONTROLLED	GROWTH STAGE	Verdict [®] 520	Status [®] Herbicide	
FOP/DIM susceptible Annual ryegrass + Volunteer barley Volunteer wheat	2 to 4-leaf	25	150	See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section. Use Uptake [®] Spraying Oil at 500 mL/100 L or Hasten [®] at 1 L/100 L.
Brome grass Wild oats Barley grass Phalaris	Early tillering	38	150	Lentils: Apply up to 7 node-early branching crop growth stage only. Lupins: Not for Qld.
FOP resistant Annual ryegrass +	2 to 4-leaf	25	200	
Volunteer barley Volunteer wheat Brome grass Wild oats Barley grass Phalaris	Early tillering	38	250	

Table 2a. Lucerne, Medic and Clover seed crops and pastures. Follow WINTER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS table above. Follow

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE (mL/ha) with Uptake®① Spraying Oil	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Prairie grass (<i>Bromus catharticus</i>) Musky or Ferny leaf Storksbill:	Up to early tillering Up to 6 leaf	100	① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section.
(Erodium moschatum) Common Crowsfoot or Common Storksbill (Erodium cicutarium)	or 5 cm diameter		③ Use lower rate when growing conditions and crop or pasture competition are good and when weed populations are below 100 plants/m ² . Use the higher rate when weed populations are above 100 plants/m ² or when
Long or shiny leaf storksbill (<i>E.</i> botrys)	Up to 8 leaf or 5 cm diameter	75-100	crop or pasture competition is poor. <u>NOTE</u> : Storksbill may not be controlled if simazine or Broadstrike [®] are tank-mixed with Verdict [®] 520. <u>LUCERNE, CLOVER OR MEDIC</u> <u>PASTURES</u> : If grazed or cut for hay immediately prior to treatment delay application until all grasses have fully expanded leaves. Use 75 mL + spraying oil or 100 mL + wetter/ha. (See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying Oils/wetters section). If silver grass (<i>Vulpia</i> spp.) is present in pasture, simazine should be tank mixed with the higher rate of Verdict [®] 520 plus a non-ionic wetter.

Table 2b. Lucerne, Medic and Clover seed crops only - not to be used for stockfeed. Follow WINTER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS table above.

	WEED	RATE (mL/ha)	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	GROWTH	with	CRITICAL COMMENTS
	STAGE	Uptake [®] ①	
		Spraying Oil	
Couch grass (suppression),	Tillering	150 + 150 ④	① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying
Rhodes grass (control)	seedlings		oils/wetters section.
Couch grass (control)	Established	400 - 800	
Rhodes grass (control)	stands		④ For best suppression of Couch or control of
			Rhodes grass, make 2 applications of Verdict [®]
			520 2-4 weeks apart. Time second application
			to coincide with tillering stage of weeds and just
			after irrigation or significant rain.
			Only treat actively growing weeds which are not
			moisture stressed. Use these rates for control
			of Couch and Rhodes grass.

SUMMER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS.

CROP	CROP GROWTH STAGE
Lucerne	Apply from 2 nd trifoliate leaf onwards.
Cowpea, Mung beans, Navy beans, Soybeans	Apply from 2 nd leaf to prior to any flowering.
Peanuts	Apply from 2 nd leaf to pegging.
Cotton	Apply from 2 nd leaf to prior to any flowering.
Sunflowers	Apply from 2 nd leaf to head initiation.

APPLICATION WINI	OOWS table abo	ove.	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE (mL/ha) with Uptake [®] ① Spraying Oil	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Australian millet	2 leaf to tillering up to 15 cm	150	① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section.
Barnyard grass	2 to 5-leaf Tillering up to 15 cm	100 150	NAVY BEANS, PEANUTS, SOYBEANS: For broadleaf weed control, Verdict [®] 520 at
Crowsfoot grass Green panic Johnson grass (rhizome)	2 leaf to tillering up to 15 cm	150	150 mL/ha plus wetter may be tank mixed with Blazer [®] (except on navy Beans) or Basagran [®] .
Johnson grass (seedling) Liverseed grass (seedling) Mossman river grass	2 to 5-leaf Tillering and up to 15 cm	100 150	Tank mixtures may cause transient leaf spotting on the crop but do not normally affect yield.
Summer grass	2 leaf to tillering up to 15 cm	150	DO NOT tank mix broadleaf herbicides with Verdict [®] 520 if grasses have begun tillering
Volunteer cereals	2 to 4-leaf tillering up to 15 cm	100 150	or if the grasses are under moisture stress. DO NOT add Uptake [®] Spraying Oil when mixing with Blazer [®] or Basagran [®] . DO NOT use Blazer [®] or Basagran [®] tank-

mixes on Cowpea.

DO NOT apply more than one application of herbicide containing haloxyfop per crop.

Table 3. Summer crops – Cotton, Cowpea, Lucerne, Mung bean, Navy beans, Peanuts, Soybeans, Sunflowers. Follow SUMMER CROP GROWTH STAGE APPLICATION WINDOWS table above.

CROPS	CROP GROWTH STAGE	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE (mL/ha) with Uptake Spraying Oil①	CRITICAL COMMENTS
	All growth stages	<u>Perennial</u> <u>grasses</u> : Couch, Rhodes grass, Slender rats tail grass	Established stands	400 – 800	 ① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section. Spray should be directed to the base of the tree or vine avoiding contact with fruit and foliage.
Avocado, Banana, Blueberry, Citrus, Custard		Buffel grass Green panic Johnson grass Kikuyu	Vegetative to early tillering	200	Spot spray: Use 25 mL to 50 mL/100 L of water. Use higher rate on late tillering mature grasses.
apple, Feijoa,		Paspalum spp Setaria spp	Late tillering	400	Annual Grasses: Where treated in association with perennial grasses,
Grapevines Guava, Kiwifruit, Litchi (Lychee), Longan., Mango, Nashi, Nut trees, Passionfruit Paw paw, Pear, Persimmon, Pineapple, Rambutan, Stone fruit Forestry: <i>Pinus</i> <i>radiata</i> <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.		Annual ryegrass Barley grass Barnyard grass Brome grass Crowsfoot grass Lesser canary grass Liverseed grass Mossman river grass Paradoxa grass Summer grass Volunteer cereals Wild oats		200	these annual grasses will be controlled.
Forestry: Pinus pineaster		Annual grasses as above	Vegetative to tillering	125 - 250	Forestry: For annual grasses apply lowest rate to newly emerged grasses, increasing the rate as they develop.
Pyrethrum		Barley grass Brome grass Rope twitch Barnyard grass <i>Erodium</i> spp. Volunteer cereals	Vegetative to tillering	100 - 250	Pyrethrum Tasmania only : For <i>Erodium spp.</i> apply 75 – 100 mL/ha if the main weed is <i>E. botrys.</i> Use 50 - 75 mL/ha if either <i>E. cicutarium</i> or <i>E. moschatum</i> are the main weeds.

Table 4. Annual and Perennial grasses and *Erodium* spp. in Orchard, Vine and Plantation crops, Forestry and Pyrethrum.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED GROWTH STAGE	RATE (mL/ha) with Uptake Spraying Oil①	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Awnless barnyard grass, Barnyard grass, Button grass, Crowsfoot grass, Feathertop Rhodes	2-leaf to early tillering (Z12 to Z22)	150	 ① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS, Spraying oils/wetters section. Only treat actively growing weeds which are not temperature or
grass, Liverseed grass, Rhodes grass, Summer grass, Sweet summer grass, Stink grass, Windmill grass			moisture stressed. See CROP ROTATION section of label where grass or cereal crops are to be planted after application of
		As above followed by 1.6-	Verdict [®] 520 in fallow. ① See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS,
		2.4 L/ha Gramoxone	Spraying oils/wetters section.
			Apply a following application of Gramoxone at 1.6 -2.4 L/ha, 7-14 days after Verdict [®] application, to double knock 3 leaf to early tillering grass weeds. The sequential application of Gramoxone is required for resistance management purposes.
			For adequate coverage use a minimum application water volume of 70 L/ha with medium spray droplets.
			Apply only one application per season.
			See CROP ROTATION section of label where grass or cereal crops are to be planted after application of Verdict [®] 520 in fallow.

Table 5. Annual and perennial grass control in summer fallow.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIODS

HARVEST

Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton, Cowpea, Faba beans, Field peas, Lentils, Linola, Linseed, Lupins, Mung beans, Navy beans, Orchard crops, Peanuts, Plantation crops, Soybeans, Sunflowers, Vetch or Vine crops: **NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

Lucerne, Medic and Clover seed crops: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

GRAZING

Canola, Chickpeas, Cotton, Cowpea, Faba beans, Field peas, Lentils, Linola, Linseed, Lupins, Mung beans, Navy beans, Peanuts, Soybeans, Sunflowers and Vetch: **DO NOT GRAZE CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED FOR 28 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.**

Lucerne (as per Table 1a, 2a and 3): DO NOT GRAZE CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED FOR 21 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Lucerne (as per Table 2b): DO NOT GRAZE CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED.

Medic and Clover pasture (as per Table 1a and 2a): DO NOT GRAZE CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

Medic and Clover pasture (as per Table 2b): **DO NOT GRAZE CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCK FEED.**

COTTON GIN TRASH MUST NOT BE FED TO ANIMALS.

CROP ROTATION RECOMMENDATIONS

DO NOT PLANT CEREAL CROPS OR GRASS PASTURE INTO THE TREATED AREA FOR A PERIOD OF 12 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide damages cereals and grasses. Plant a test area of the desired cereal or grass 2-4 weeks prior to the desired planting time, to determine whether Verdict[®] 520 residues remain in the soil. Allow at least 12 weeks between application of Verdict[®] 520 and replanting of cereal or grass pastures. Ensure that more than 50 mm of rain or irrigation has fallen between application and planting. Verdict[®] 520 breaks down due to microbial activity which is highest in warm, moist soil.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Verdict[®] 520 works best when applied to small seedling weeds, that are actively growing following a significant rain event or irrigation. It will not work on large weeds (bigger than labelled), that are stressed by dry conditions, heat or some other factor.

Mixing

- Add water to the spray tank to 10 cm above the level of agitation and ensure the agitation device is working vigorously. (There must be a minimum of 100 L of water in the tank before any pesticide is added.)
- If tank mixing, firstly, add any soluble liquid formulations (e.g. Lontrel[®] Advanced Herbicide) and allow agitation for approximately one minute.
- Then add Verdict[®] 520 at the point where agitation is strongest. (Do not add Verdict[®] 520 through a strainer or sieve.) Allow further agitation for one minute.
- Half fill the spray tank.
- If using wettable powder or water dispersible granules, or other emulsifiable concentration formulations (e.g. chlorpyrifos 750 WG or Le-Mat[®], these should be **added after the Verdict[®] 520** to the half full spray tank ensuring vigorous agitation.
- Finally add Uptake[®] Spraying Oil or approved alternate spraying oil/wetter. (*See section on* **Spraying oils/wetters**) and continue filling the tank to the required volume maintaining agitation at all times.
- Only mix sufficient solution for immediate use. Verdict[®] 520 and any other tank mixes should be applied immediately for best results.

Spraying Oils/wetters

D Spraying Oils: It is essential to add an adjuvant to Verdict[®] 520. Best results will be achieved with Uptake[®] Spraying Oil at 0.5 L/100 L of spray solution. Alternatively, other oils plus a non-ionic wetter may also be used. When other crop spraying oils are used, mix at 1 L/100 L and add a non-ionic wetter (surfactant) at 200 mL/100 L of spray solution. Use of an oil is not always recommended.

See **CRITICAL COMMENTS** for specific situation recommendations.

⁽²⁾ <u>Non-ionic Wetters:</u> When Uptake[®] or other oils are not used, a 100% concentrate non-ionic wetting agent such as BS1000[®] at 200 mL/100 L must be used along with the higher rate of Verdict[®] 520 as specified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

Where water volumes of less than 50 L/ha are used, **DO NOT** use less than 250 mL/ha of Uptake[®] or 500 mL/ha for oils other than Uptake[®] or less than 100 mL/ha of wetter.

CANOLA, LUCERNE, MEDIC AND CLOVER PASTURES AND SEED CROPS

When tank mixing Verdict[®] 520 with Lontrel[®] herbicides (canola only) or Broadstrike[®] (lucerne, clover and medics), use Uptake[®] Spraying Oil with the lower rates of Verdict[®] 520 or a wetting agent with the higher rates of Verdict[®] 520 unless otherwise specified. When mixing Verdict[®] 520 with other broadleaf herbicides on these crops, DO NOT use an oil use a wetter instead.

FIELD PEAS AND CANOLA

The oil recommended is Uptake[®] Spraying Oil. Hasten[®] is also recommended for use with tank-mixtures of Verdict[®] 520 and Status[®] Herbicide.

For canola, Verdict[®] 520 + Lontrel[®] 750 SG + Uptake[®] Spraying Oil are compatible and selective to canola. This tank-mixture is also compatible with atrazine or simazine and selective to triazine tolerant canola.

NAVY BEANS, PEANUTS, SOYBEANS

When mixing with Blazer or Basagran DO NOT add spraying oil to these mixtures. **DO NOT** use these tank-mixes on cowpea.

COMPATIBILITY

Ground use only: Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide can be tank mixed with:

Insecticides:	dimethoate
	endosulfan
	chlorpyrifos
	omethoate

Herbicides: atrazine Basagran Blazer Broadstrike[®] Herbicide glufosinate Lontrel[®] Advanced Herbicide Lontrel[®] 750 SG MCPA ester (LVE) - *DO NOT* exceed 700 mL/ha of MCPA LVE oryzalin STATUS[®] Herbicide STATUS[®] 360 HiLoad Herbicide simazine Starane[®] Advanced Herbicide

Fungicides: Dithane[®] Rainshield[®] Neo Tec[®]

Trace elements: magnesium sulphate

zinc sulphate

Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide is NOT COMPATIBLE with 2,4-D or MCPA as sodium or amine salts.

<u>Aerial use:</u> No product other than a recommended crop oil or wetter should be mixed with Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide when applied by air except for addition of Lontrel[®] Herbicide for use in forestry and Lontrel[®] 750 SG for use in canola only.

APPLICATION

Thorough coverage of weeds is essential for best control. Apply Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide in sufficient water to obtain good coverage. It should be applied by an accurately calibrated ground rig or aircraft delivering droplets with a medium to coarse droplet size category.

The following spray volumes are recommended.

Ground application 50-150 L/ha Aerial application 30 L/ha minimum

Use higher water volumes in orchards and in dense crops where the weeds may be shielded by the crop canopy.

CLEANING SPRAY EQUIPMENT

If broadleaf herbicides, particularly sulfonylureas, have been used in the spray equipment at any time prior to Verdict[®] 520, particular care should be taken to follow the directions on the relevant broadleaf herbicide label for equipment cleaning, or damage to susceptible crops may occur.

After using Verdict[®] 520, empty the tank completely and drain the whole system. Thoroughly wash inside the tank using a pressure hose, drain the tank and clean any filters in the tank, pump, line and nozzles.

To rinse. After cleaning the tank as above, quarter fill the tank with clean water and circulate through the pump, lines, hoses and nozzles. Drain and repeat the rinsing procedure twice.

To decontaminate. Before spraying cereals, maize, sorghum or other sensitive crops, wash the tank and rinse the system as above. Then quarter fill the tank and add an alkali detergent at 500 mL/100 L of water or the powder equivalent at 500 g/100 L of water and circulate throughout the system for at least fifteen minutes. Drain the whole system. Remove filters and nozzles and clean them separately. Finally flush the system with clean water and allow to drain. Chlorine based cleaners are not recommended.

Rinse water should be discharged onto a designated disposal area, or if this is unavailable, onto unused land away from desirable plants and water sources.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 1 HERBICIDE

Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide is a member of the aryloxyphenoxy propionate group of herbicides. The product has the acetyl CoA carboxylase inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other Group 1 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by the product or other Group 1 herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Corteva Agriscience Australia Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of the product to control resistant weeds.

Verdict[®] 520 has high risk for resistance mode of action. Strategies to minimise the risk of herbicide resistance are available from CropLife Australia, your local farm chemical supplier, consultant, local Department of Agriculture, or local Corteva Agriscience representative.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide damages cereals and grasses.

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Cereal crops or grasses planted within twelve weeks of application may be damaged by the residual effects of Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide, particularly on light and red soils.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

DO NOT graze or cut treated crops for stock food except as specified under withholding periods.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Verdict[®] 520 Herbicide is toxic to fish.

DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used container.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

250 mL containers only

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

1 L, 5 L, 10 L, 20 L containers only

Do not re-use 1 L containers.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the *drumMUSTER* logo visible. Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any *drumMUSTER* collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.

SPILL AND LEAK MANAGEMENT

Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Wear a face shield or goggles, overalls buttoned to neck and wrist, chemical resistant gloves and footwear. Stop leak when safe to do so. Dam area and prevent entry into waterways and drains.

Small spills/leaks: Absorb with material such as sand, soil or sawdust. Collect spilled product and place in sealable container for disposal. Spill residues may be cleaned using water and detergent. Contain and absorb wash water for disposal. Absorb and collect washings and place in the same sealable container for disposal. Dam the area of large spills and report them to Corteva Agriscience Emergency Services at 1800 370 754.

APVMA Approval No: 50643/136632

Corteva Agriscience Australia Pty LtdA.B.N. 24 003 771 65967 Albert Avenue, Chatswood, NSW 2067www.corteva.com.auCUSTOMER SERVICE TOLL FREE1-800 700 096

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Barcode for stock identification



Hazard and precautionary statements according to classification under GHS (Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling): This product is GHS compliant. No additional GHS hazard and precautionary statements are required under the WorkSafe Australia exemptions for AgVet products.